Dr. Malka Gives Grand Rounds in Monterey

Deborah Malka, MD, provided an introduction to cannabis therapeutics at the Community Hospital of the Monterey Peninsula (CHOMP) July 24. The amount of relevant material is so vast -no one in her audience had heard a word about cannabis in medical school— that a 45-minute talk is barely enough time to cover the basics. Malka managed to do it concisely yet thor-

Some 50 doctors affiliated with the hospital received Continuing Medical Education credits for attending Malka's "grand rounds" presentation. They gave her their undivided attention and the questions they asked were practical. Nobody expressed any dismay about the prospect of including Cannabis as a treatment option.

Malka explained the "entourage effect" that distinguishes cannabis from dronabinol (Marinol). "Many conventional medicines originate from a single active ingredient of a plant," Malka said. "This is the opposite of herbal medicines which may contain dozens of different ingredients. Herbalists believe that the different components are made more or less powerful depending on the others that are present."

Malka had been a medical director of Medicann, a chain of clinics in California, from 2007 through 2010. She summarized the results of a study led by Helen Nunberg, MD, enumerating the conditions that Medi-Cann patients were using cannabis to treat.



Malka fields a question after her talk.

Malka, who is board certified in Integrative Holistic Medicine, cautioned against recommending cannabis to patients with heart problems or personality disorders with unstable mood; to treat pain without determining its cause; and to those "at a young age."

She advocates its use because: "Our bodies can change and heal with the help of herbs. Cannabis is one of the most potent herbs known to mankind, and has a long history through many cultures. Cannabis can be home grown and is often more affordable than other medicines. Cannabis can be applied in a variety of beneficial ways. Cannabis has multiple beneficial actions and may be able to replace or reduce a host of other medications. There are some conditions in which cannabis is the most potent medicine available. As we heal we can reduce the use of cannabis and be free of medication entirely!"

The hospital pharmacist who followed Malka, Mariann Novarina, agreed that the compounds in the plant show great medical potential, and advocated prompt rescheduling to enable research.

Assistant District Attorney Berkley Brannon described "the legal landscape" accurately and informatively. His bottom line: look to upcoming California Supreme Court rulings to clarify state law.

The moderator, Michael R. Smith, MD, a gastroenterologist, ended the two-hour ses-

sion with an anecdote about a patient whose severe back pain required such high-dose opioids that he could not evacuate, disabling him to the point that he could no longer work. "We finally tried him on marijuana," said Smith "and he was able to reduce his opioid use significantly. His bowels were able to function. And he could go back to work."

Smith called on the hospital's addiction specialist, who had not posed a question or asked to comment, and who seemed befuddled by having to



Drs. Michael Smith and Deborah Malka, Assistant DA Berkley Brannon, and pharmacist Mariann Novarina at the Community Hospital of Monterey's CME presentation on cannabis.

comment on the herb that Malka had been praising. He made some empty generalizations like, "We know that any drug will pose problems for certain people," and concluded with the revealing observation, "I know my job is safe."

Malka sees patients for Compassionate Health Options, a cannabis-oriented practice, in Monterey and Santa Cruz. She used

the occasion to debut a chart she has designed showing the range of delivery systems for Cannabis-based medicine.

The Residents of the Monterey Peninsula are truly lucky to have such a well-designed facility. It's rare that a building put up after World War Two doesn't degrade rapidly. CHOMP was clean, quiet and calm.

−O'S News Service

Patients' Diagnoses

Low Back Pain 10,120 Radiculopathy (pinched nerve)1.896 Insomnia 8,641

-Due to pain 3,013

Headaches 5,749 - Migraine 2,376

Anxiety/Depression 5,455 Muscle Spasm/Pain 4,238 Traumatic Injuries 3,964 Arthritis 3,799

- Osteoarthritis 1,799

-Post Traumatic 1,292

-Rheumatoid 352

Neck Pain 3,231 -Radiculopathy (pinched nerve) 506 Thoracic (Mid) Back Pain 1,683 Neuropathic Pain / Paresthesias 1,677 Limb Pain (unspecified) 1,587

Nausea 1,577 Anorexia 1,344

ADD 635 Bipolar DO 598 Cancer (unspecified) 502 Esophageal Reflux 485 Irritable Bowel Syndrome 426 High Blood Pressure 426 Asthma 378 Glaucoma 280 HIV 232 Epilepsy 258 Prescription Drug Side Effect 242 Multiple Sclerosis 169 Alcohol Dependence in remission 115 Schizophrenia 56

Tourette's/Tics 20 Quadriplegia 18 Parkinson's disease 13 Sickle Cell Disease 12 Obesity 7

Pain was the primary diagnosis conferred by physicians on 70% of patients getting Cannabis approvals from the MediCann chain of clinics, according to a study by Helen Nunberg, MD, and colleagues published in the Journal of Psychoactive Drugs, April-June, 2011.

