So there I was, on holiday in North Ko-
rea. I had signed up for a tour of Rason, a Special Economic Zone in the northern corner of the country, and we had arrived in the middle of a fresh burst of North Ko-
rea’s sabre-rattling.

The Democratic People’s Republic of Korea (DPRK) is a state in East Asia, a large part of which is also known as the Democratic People’s Re-
public of Korea (North Korea) or the North. It is a socialist state governed by a single party, the Workers’ Party of Korea (WPK).

The WPK, led by Kim Jong-un since December 2011, has maintained a hereditary leadership regime in North Korea since the death of Kim Il-sung, the country’s founder, in 1994.

Kim Jong-un has been in power for over a decade now, and during his rule, North Korea has continued to develop its nuclear weapons program, despite international sanctions and pressures from the United Nations.

Kim Jong-un’s leadership has been marked by a number of significant events, including a nuclear test in 2016 and a series of missile launches, which have raised concerns about North Korea’s intentions and capabilities.

The DPRK is a highly dependent country, with a significant portion of its economy based on trade with China, its largest trading partner.

North Korea is also known for its restrictions on freedom of speech and the press, as well as its strict censorship policies, which are enforced through a system of propaganda and control.

The country has one of the lowest levels of internet freedom in the world, with heavy restrictions on access to social media and other online platforms.

The government has been accused of using torture and other forms of abuse against its own citizens, as well as against foreign nationals who are detained in the country.

The DPRK is also known for its human rights abuses, including forced labor, arbitrary detention, and persecution of political prisoners.

The government has been criticized for its use of forced labor in its nuclear weapons program and in other sectors, including the construction industry.

In addition to the nuclear weapons program, North Korea has also been accused of a number of other serious human rights violations, including extrajudicial killings, enforced disappearances, and arbitrary detention.

According to human rights groups, the government has also been known to use torture and other forms of physical and mental abuse against its own citizens, as well as against foreign nationals who are detained in the country.

The government has been criticized for its lack of transparency and accountability, as well as for its failure to comply with international human rights obligations.

The DPRK is a member of the United Nations, but it has been suspended from the Security Council due to its repeated violations of its human rights obligations.

The country is also a member of the Non-Aligned Movement, a political association of states that do not align themselves with the two opposing blocs of the Cold War.

The Non-Aligned Movement was founded in 1961 and is composed of 120 member states, including a number of world powers, as well as many smaller countries.

The Non-Aligned Movement is a forum for discussion and cooperation among countries that do not have a formal alliance with any of the two opposing blocs of the Cold War.

The movement meets regularly to discuss a wide range of issues, including human rights, disarmament, and international cooperation.

In recent years, the Non-Aligned Movement has been criticized for its lack of action on a number of important issues, including the nuclear weapons program of the DPRK.

There have been calls for an end to international sanctions against North Korea, as well as for greater diplomatic engagement with the country.

However, there has also been criticism of the movement for its failure to take a strong stand against human rights abuses in North Korea.

The Non-Aligned Movement has been accused of being too divided and too focused on achieving its own goals, rather than on addressing the serious human rights abuses that are taking place in the DPRK.

The movement has also been criticized for its lack of transparency and accountability, as well as for its failure to comply with international human rights obligations.

In conclusion, the DPRK is a country that is known for its nuclear weapons program, strict censorship policies, and severe human rights abuses.

The country is a member of the Non-Aligned Movement, a political association of states that do not align themselves with the two opposing blocs of the Cold War.

However, the movement has been criticized for its lack of action on a number of important issues, including the nuclear weapons program of the DPRK.

The movement has also been criticized for its lack of transparency and accountability, as well as for its failure to comply with international human rights obligations.

Nonetheless, the country is an important player in the international community, and its actions and policies continue to be a source of concern and debate.
of the evening is of knocking back large tumbler glasses of Korean vodka with a walking stereotype of a man; he had the arms and chest of a bear, a square head topped with a white crew cut and a well manicured ‘Un chest of a bear, a square head topped with a stereotype of a man; he had the arms and tumblers of Korean vodka with a walking of the evening is of knocking back large

— From Leaves of Grass

Dennis Rodman, Kim Jung-Un

Rebounding requires math
you gotta calculate the speed and path
and the angle of the ricochet
minus big men in your way

Here in the rural northeast however, far removed from the leader’s watchful gaze, things are very different. Chinese and even Russian contractors explore at their leisure, while Western tour groups are allowed more freedom than anywhere else in the country.

Diplomacy requires math
you gotta calculate the speed and path
and the angle of the ricochet
times big men jumping in your way.

Thus they share a common bond
Kim has got a little girl
He let Dennis show her to the world

Wonder what they talk about
Disneyland or Beirut?
Or the days of slavery?
Or the days of Singman Rhee?

From ‘Song of Myself’

By Walt Whitman

Houses and rooms are full of perfumes,
the shelves are crowded with perfumes,
I breathe the fragrance myself and know it and like it,
The distillation would intoxicate me also, but I shall not let it.

The atmosphere is not a perfume, it has no taste of the distillation, it is odorless,
My respiration and inspiration, the beating of my heart,
Echoes, ripples, buzz'd whispers, love-root, silk-thread, crotch and vine,
The sound of the belch'd words of my voice loos'd to the eddies of the wind,
The play of shine and shade on the trees as the supple boughs wag,

A final note

The earliest evidence for cannabis cultivation in northern Korea dates from more than 4,000 years ago. The plant has been used throughout history on the peninsula, both for hemp and – by all accounts – recreationally. Cannabis grows abundantly in the wild there, and stories of soldiers smoking it during the Korean War are well documented.

Under the current government, it becomes more difficult to know the full extent of the plant’s cultivation and use in contemporary North Korea. When I first published this article, I made the seemingly logical assumption that cannabis was legal in the country; usually if tour guides let you do a thing, it implies that it’s not a problem. I’ve since retracted that statement however – there seems to be doubt in some quarters as to the actual law regarding the plant’s use, and I don’t claim to know any thing beyond my own personal experience. Some outside experts claim that the substance is illegal in the country; but it seems likely that such rules, if they exist, are not strongly enforced in all places. My own experience is just one of numerous accounts coming from foreigners who’ve encoun tered cannabis in the DPRK.

For further reading on the subject, I highly recommend “Cannabis in North Korea” by Seshata on SensiSeeds.com

Dennis Rodman, Kim Jung-Un

It don’t matter how much meanness
Jealous people spew at him
but remain very much aware of
my distance from the world around me; I often felt as though trapped inside a bubble, which prevented any kind of real interaction.

Oh, lucky man who finds a friend
and now he’s found a friend in Kim

Stupid people spew at him
It don’t matter how much meanness
Dennis Rodman is a genius

Dennis Rodman, Kim Jung-up

They have got it goin’ on!
Each of them is so unique
Both of them make people freak!

From ‘Song of Myself’

By Walt Whitman

Houses and rooms are full of perfumes,
I breathe the fragrance myself and know it and like it,
The distillation would intoxicate me also, but I shall not let it.

The atmosphere is not a perfume, it has no taste of the distillation, it is odorless,
I will go to the bank by the wood and become undisguised and naked,
I am mad for it to be in contact with me.

The smoke of my own breath,
Echoes, ripples, buzz’d whispers, love-root, silk-thread, crotch and vine,

A few light kisses, a few embraces, a reaching around of arms,

A thousand acres much?
A few light kisses, a few embraces, a reaching around of arms,

The feeling of health, the full-noon trill, the song of me rising

Have you felt so proud to get at the meaning of poems?
Have you practis’d so long to learn to read?
Have you felt so proud to get at the meaning of poems?

The delight alone or in the rush of the streets, or along the fields and hill-sides,

Have you practis’d so long to learn to read?

The play of shine and shade on the trees as the supple boughs wag,

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Dennis Rodman is a genius

Dennis Rodman, Kim Jung-up

They have got it goin’ on!
Each of them is so unique
Both of them make people freak!